CROSS // REGULATOR THE GREAT WATERHEIST

United Water Conservation District April 4, 2023



"Regulatory agencies are partnering with environmental activists, intentionally misinterpreting regulations and weaponizing policies in an effort to prevent water agencies from doing their jobs."

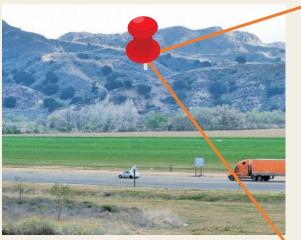
Mauricio Guardado , General Manager United Water Conservation District





raised more than \$12 million since 2015, IRS

2015...waged legal battles"



United Water Conservation
District re: Freeman
Diversion





City of San Buenaventura re: Ventura Water Reclamation Facility

- Waste Management Subsidiary
 G.I. Industries
- Six Flags Magic Mountain

- Fox Canyon Groundwater
 Management Agency
- Oxnard GREAT program
- Dakota Access Pipeline
- Arcturus Manufacturing Corporation
- Trump Administration Bureau of Ocean Energy Management/Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement
- Calpine Corporation
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service



assa eget con assa eget et con olor sit amet con ut all quam. Ips ut all quam. congue aliquet

> habitasse is s donec as se proin sas s eu volutpa s eu volutpa

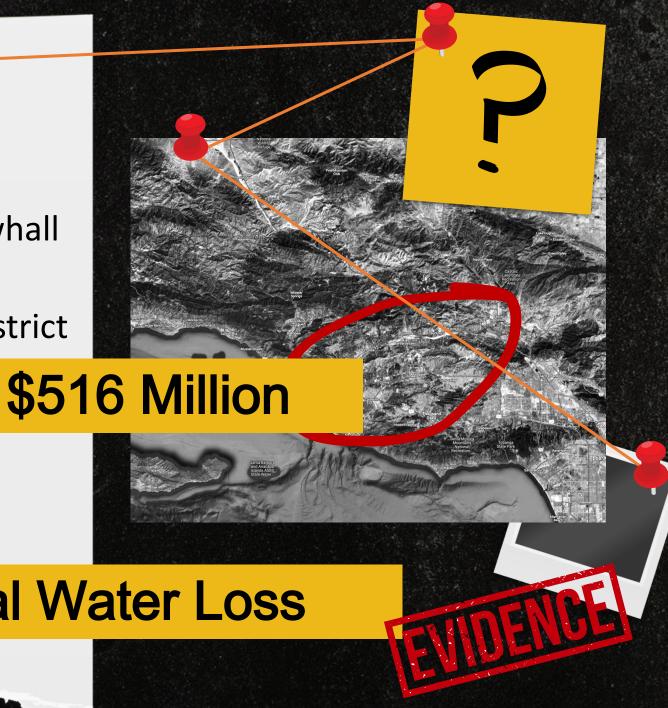
> > e. Uso rulputati bibendu at quis

-t

02 Mitigation

- FivePoint Holdings, LLC re Newhall Ranch Development
- United Water Conservation District
- Six Flags Magic Mountain
- Fox Canyon GroundwaterManagement Agency
- Oxnard GREAT program

187,800 AF in Local Water Loss



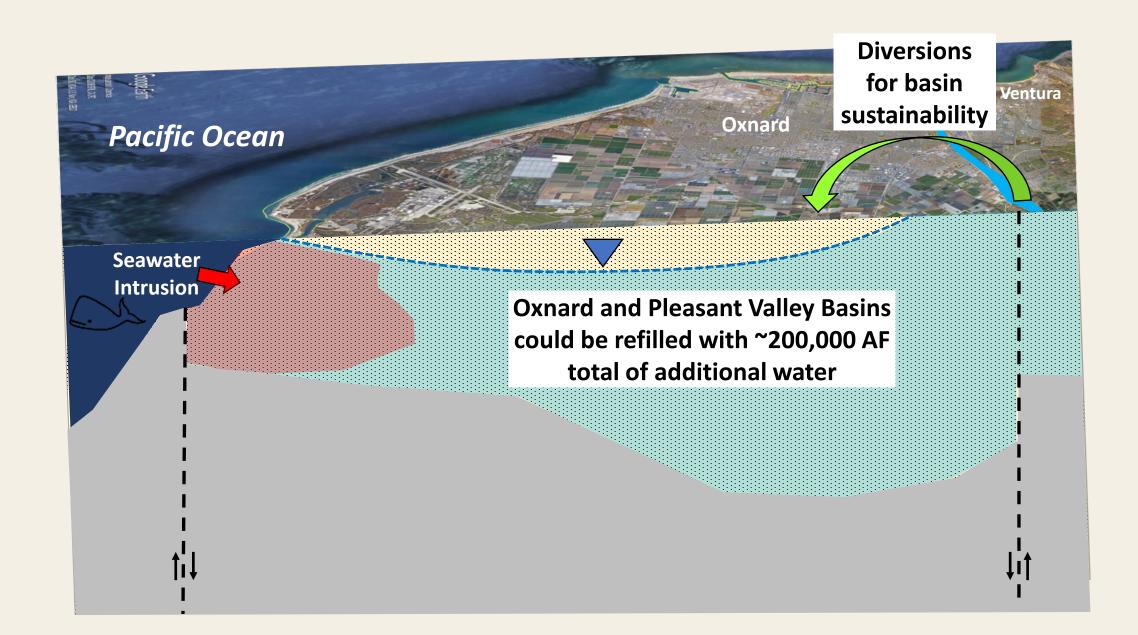


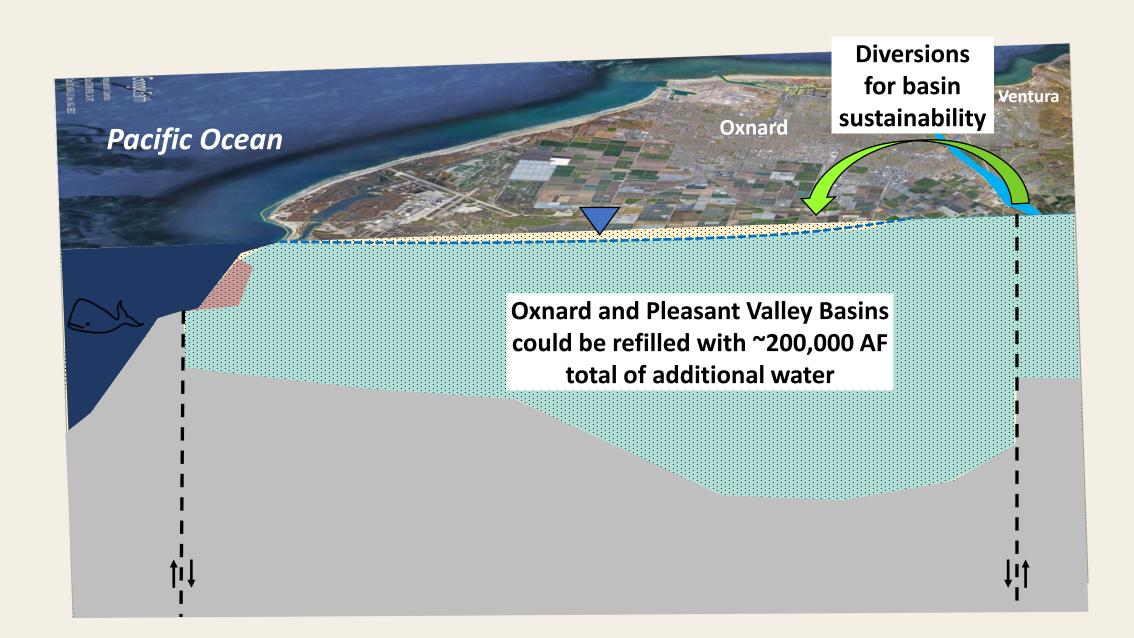
When confronted with scientific and historic evidence that the Santa Clara River is not an optim um environment for Southern California Steelhead,

NMFS Branch Chief , West Coast Regional Office, Southern California Branch responded:

"The absence of evidence is not evidence of absence."









AB 2201 (reintroduced this session as AB 1563)

require a county to forward permit requests for the construction of new groundwater wells, the enlarging of existing groundwater wells, and the reactivation of abandoned groundwater wells to the groundwater sustainability agency before permit approval

SB 1157 January 1, 2025, to January 1, 2030, the standard for indoor residential water use be **47 gallons per capita daily** and beginning January 1, 2030, the standard be **42 gallons per capita daily.**











Impacts of Current Storm Events...

Diverted approximately 30,000 AF of water from the Santa Clara River since this series of storms began on 12/31/2022.

- Virtually all the diversions have been used for recharging groundwater through our recharge basins.
- Limited to diverting 375 cfs based on water rights permits, even if river flows are much higher. Additionally, we are limited in our diversions as we comply with RPAs and provide bypass flows for steelhead migration.

Our efforts to increase instantaneous diversions (take the higher-sediment water during the periods in which fish are much less likely to be attempting migration). To do this, we need three things:

- 1. The physical facilities to do so we are designing a diversion and screening facility now, and have also been designing and constructing the conveyance system to handle the higher flows;
 - 2. The modified State Water permit/license to allow the higher instantaneous diversion we are working with the State Board to secure this; and
- 3. The incidental take permits (ITPs) from NMFS and CDFW we are actively working on achieving these, but continue to get strong resistance from the agencies.



Water Storage Projects: Easier Said than Done



High Savery Dam, Wyoming

- Built in less than two years took over 14 years to permit
- Record of Decision was issued December 14, 2000, (approximately oneyear and two months after the final EIS was released)



East Valley Reservoir, near Silverton, Oregon

- Rejected by state water regulators in 2019, which prompted the formation of East Valley Water District in 2002
- Three levels of decision-makers approved the issuance of a 12,000 AF storage
 permit to the District; first in 2013 with a Proposed Final Order and second in 2018



Shasta Dam, California

- Opponents enlargement would have few water benefits while at the same time would destroy Native American sites, harm fish and wildlife
- Proponents backed by findings from the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, have pointed out: Additional 634,000 AF, Improved water supply reliability, and Improved Sacramento River temperatures

The cash grab



Litigation – Estimated **\$14.8 million** in legal fees NOT including settlements



Regulation – Estimated \$15,586,069 in consultants, modeling fish passage alternatives and environmental services



Mitigation – Estimated \$516,000,000 in compensation and minimizing risks



UWCD's Regulation Costs



Fish passage alternatives modeling = Estimated **\$4,500,961**



Regulatory activities, including new CEQA permitting = Estimated \$1,789,000



Consultant costs for regulatory studies, permitting, documentation, etc. = Estimated \$9,296,108



Where's the water?



Litigation & Mitigation - Resulting in the loss of 187,800 acre-feet locally



Regulation – Resulting in the loss of 128,000 acrefeet in habitat flows and migration releases since 2011



"Corruption reigns when there is NO accountability."

President Barack Obama