Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Reports

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the Las Virgenes-Triunfo Joint Powers Authority Calabasas, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Las Virgenes-Triunfo Joint Powers Authority (the "JPA"), which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the JPA as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in its financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Directors of the Las Virgenes-Triunfo Joint Powers Authority Calabasas, California Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 - 5 to 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the JPA's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Changes in Participants' Advance Accounts is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Changes in Participants' Advance Accounts is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Changes in Participants' Advance Accounts is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

The Ren Group, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2019, on our consideration of the JPA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the JPA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the JPA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California November 25, 2019 Coley Delaney, CPA CPA Number: 115598



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of the Las Virgenes-Triunfo Joint Powers Authority Calabasas, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the Las Virgenes-Triunfo Joint Power Authority (the "JPA"), which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and have issued our report thereon dated November 25, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the JPA's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the JPA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the JPA's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the JPA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

To the Board of Directors of the Las Virgenes-Triunfo Joint Powers Authority Calabasas, California Page 2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Santa Ana, California November 25, 2019 Coley Delaney, CPA CPA Number: 115598

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Joint Powers Authority (JPA) annual financial report presents our analysis of the JPA's financial performance during the Fiscal Years that ended on June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Financial Statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The JPA's net position increased by \$2.5 million or 2.75% during FY 2019, decreased by \$0.1 million or 0.18% during FY 2018, and decreased by \$1.8 million or 1.8% during FY 2017.
- During FY19 the JPA's operating expenses, not including depreciation expense, increased \$0.3 million, or up by 1.9%, during FY 2018 it increased by \$0.9 million or up by 4.9% and during FY 2017 it decreased by \$0.8 million or down by 6.0%
- Billings to JPA participants increased to \$13.7 million during FY 2019 or by 3.4% more than the prior fiscal year, it increased to \$13.3 million during FY 2018 or by 5.8% from prior fiscal year, and \$12.5 million during FY 2017 or by 8.7% more from prior fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Las Virgenes - Triunfo Joint Powers Authority (JPA) financial statements. The JPA's basic financial statements comprise two components: Financial Statements and Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements of the JPA report information about the JPA using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short- and long-term financial information about its activities. The Comparative Statements of Net Position (CSNP) includes all of the JPA's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amount of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to JPA creditors (liabilities). The CSNP also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the JPA.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. These statements reflect the result of the JPA's operations over the past year.

The final Financial Statements are the Comparative Statements of Cash Flows. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the JPA's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations and investments. It also provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

The financial statements provide information on whether the District, as a whole, is in a stronger or weaker financial position compared to the last year. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position provide a means to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, you will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, zoning, and new or changed government legislation.

The FY 2018-2019 recycled water sales and sanitation reflect a long-term trend of reduced water usage that began with the 2011-2017 drought. Customer behaviors that changed during the drought, and the JPA's messaging promoting water use efficiency as a way of life, have contributed to a new normal of lower than long-term historical averages of water use that was seen in FY 2018-19.

Actions by the JPA during FY 2018-19 reflect the change in focus which began in FY 2017-18 when the JPA Board approved the Basis of Design Report for indirect potable reuse using Las Virgenes Reservoir. During that time, the JPA Board also took action to minimize the number of new recycled water connections and focused efforts on the efficient use of recycled water. These efforts will ultimately provide the resourced necessary to support the indirect potable reuse project, now known as Pure Water Project Las Virgenes – Triunfo. During FY 2018-19 design efforts for the project continued with the opening of a demonstration project on Las Virgenes Municipal Water District headquarters property expected during the FY 2019-20.

NET POSITION

To begin our analysis, a summary of the JPA's Statement of Net Position is presented in Table 1.

TABLE 1
Condensed Statements of Net Position
(in thousands of dollars)

	FY 2019	FY 2018	FY 2017
Current Assets	\$10,509	\$6,610	\$6,463
Capital Assets	<u>93,680</u>	<u>91,175</u>	92,760
Total Assets	<u>104,189</u>	<u>97,785</u>	<u>99,182</u>
Due to Participants	8,187	5,285	7,422
Other Liabilities	<u>2,323</u>	<u>1,325</u>	<u>750</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>10,510</u>	<u>6,610</u>	<u>8,172</u>
Total Net Position:	\$93,679	\$91,175	\$91,010

As can be seen from the table above, net position of the JPA is equivalent to capital assets. Everything else is either a current asset or a liability. The increase in Net Position (and capital assets) is due to an increase in capitalized projects and expenditures less than the participant's contribution.

While the Statement of Net Position shows the change in financial position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position provides answers as to the nature and source of these changes.

TABLE 2
Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses
and Changes in Net Position
(in thousands of dollars)

	FY 2019	FY 2018	FY 2017
Recycled Water Sales	\$2,069	\$2,281	\$2,058
Other Operating Revenue	46	65	110
Total Operating Revenue	<u>2,115</u>	<u>2,346</u>	<u>2,168</u>
Depreciation Expense	5,721	5,695	5,629
Other Operating Expense	15,990	15,679	14,755
Total Operating Expense	<u>21,711</u>	<u>21,374</u>	<u>20,384</u>
Loss before Billings	-19,596	-19,028	-18,216
Billings to Participants	<u>13,710</u>	13,264	12,542
Non-Operating Revenue	163	69	45
Non-Operating Expense	<u>-1</u>	<u>-238</u>	<u>-554</u>
Net Loss before Capital Contributions	-5,724	-5,933	-6,183
Participant Capital Contributions	<u>8,229</u>	<u>6,098</u>	4,433
NET POSITION:			
Net Position - Beginning of Year	91,175	91,010	92,760
Change in Net Position	2,504	165	-1,750
Net Position – End of Year	<u>\$93,679</u>	<u>\$91,175</u>	<u>\$91,010</u>

As reflected in Table 2, FY 2019 revenue from recycled water sales decreased by \$0.2 million compared to prior fiscal year due to a 2% decrease in recycled water purchases from Las Virgenes Municipal Water District. Total Operating Expenses not including depreciation, increased 1.9% in FY 2019 from prior fiscal year due to increased direct and allocated labor costs, including pension expenses. Billings to Participants increased as a result of an increase in operating expenses in FY 2019 compared to prior fiscal year.

FY 2018 revenue from recycled water sales increased compared to prior fiscal year due to a 10.01% increase in recycled water purchases from Las Virgenes Municipal Water District. Total Operating Expenses not including depreciation, increased 6.3% in FY 2018 from prior fiscal year due to increased direct and allocated labor costs, including pension expenses. Billings to

Participants increased as a result of the increase in expenses in FY 2018 compared to prior fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of FY 2019 and FY 2018, the JPA had net capital assets of \$91.2 million and \$91.0 million as shown in Table 3.

TABLE 3
Capital Assets
(in thousands of dollars)

	FY 2019	FY 2018	FY 2017
Land & Land Rights	14,368	14,368	12,259
Sewer & Treatment Plant	123,688	121,095	120,682
Compost Plant	76,219	71,196	63,275
Recycled Water System	34,819	34,819	34,013
Construction in Progress	<u>6,111</u>	<u>4,955</u>	<u>3,040</u>
Subtotal	255,205	247,020	241,190
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>-161,526</u>	<u>-155,845</u>	<u>-150,180</u>
Total Capital Assets	<u>93,679</u>	<u>91,175</u>	<u>91,010</u>

The following is a summary of some of the major improvements to the system during FY 2019, FY 2018, and FY 2017.

TABLE 4
Major Capital Improvement Projects

Centrate Equalization Tank Tapia Rehabilitation Rancho Las Virgenes Digester Cleaning and Repair Rancho Lighting Efficiency Upgrade Tapia Reliability Improvements	FY 2019 \$2,176 1,934 1,901 358 138
Pure Water Demonstration Project Total Major Projects	\$6,638
	FY 2018
Land Acquisition	\$2,109
Rancho Las Virgenes Digester Cleaning and Repair	1,228
Raw Sludge Wet Well Mixing Improvements	491
Tapia Lighting Efficiency Upgrade	353
Process Air Improvements	203
Tapia Rehabilitation	146
Pure Water Demonstration Project	135

Rancho Amendment Bin and Conveyance	123
Total Major Projects	<u>\$4,788</u>

	FY 2017
Centrate Equalization Tank	1,785
Tapia Primary Tank No.2-5 Rehabilitation	874
Tapia Gate & Drive Replacement	437
Recycled Water Storage Study	224
Facility Siting Study	177
Process Air Improvements	143
Rancho Las Virgenes Digester Cleaning and Repair	109
Tapia Water Reclamation Reliability Improvement	<u>109</u>
Total Major Projects	<u>\$3,858</u>

LONG TERM DEBT

The JPA currently has no long-term debt. All funding is provided by the participating agencies.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGER

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, customers and creditors with a general overview of the JPA's finances and to demonstrate the JPA's accountability for the money it receives. The responsibility for the JPA's accounting and financial reporting rests with the staff of the Las Virgenes Municipal Water District. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Las Virgenes Municipal Water District, Department of Finance and Administration, 4232 Las Virgenes Road, Calabasas, California, 91302.

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Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS	 2017	 2016
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalent	\$ 8,703,228	\$ 4,282,084
Investments	1,008,571	972,870
Accounts receivable	683,809	1,112,207
Interest receivable	59,300	19,350
Inventories	-	171,555
Prepaid items	55,080	52,427
Total current assets	10,509,988	6,610,493
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, not being depreciated	20,479,142	19,322,622
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	 73,200,449	 71,852,004
Total capital assets	93,679,591	 91,174,626
Total noncurrent assets	93,679,591	 91,174,626
Total assets	104,189,579	 97,785,119
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts and contracts payable and accrued liabilities	2,322,729	1,325,214
Due to participants	 8,187,259	 5,285,279
Total current liabilities	10,509,988	6,610,493
Total liabilities	10,509,988	 6,610,493
NET POSITION		
Investments in Capital Assets by Participants:		
Las Virgenes Municipal Water District	62,372,682	60,563,415
Triunfo Water & Sanitation District	31,306,909	30,611,211
Investments in Capital Assets by Participants	 93,679,591	91,174,626
Total net position	\$ 93,679,591	\$ 91,174,626

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Positon For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Wholesale recycled water sales	\$ 2,068,727	\$ 2,281,256
Other income	46,547	64,477
Total operating revenues	2,115,274	2,345,733
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Treatment plant	4,325,125	4,324,623
Recycled water transmission and distribution	1,066,181	1,253,918
Compost plant	2,786,044	2,458,385
Sewer	141,033	59,650
Depreciation	5,721,381	5,695,161
General and administrative	7,469,557	7,396,735
Other operating expenses	202,068	185,899
Total operating expenses	21,711,389	21,374,371
OPERATING (LOSS) BEFORE		
BILLINGS TO PARTICIPANTS	(19,596,115)	(19,028,638)
Billings to participants	13,710,518	13,264,203
OPERATING (LOSS)	(5,885,597)	(5,764,435)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest income	138,859	69,274
Other expenses	24,168	(237,471)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,790)	(215)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	161,237	(168,412)
NET (LOSS) BEFORE		
PARTICIPANTS' CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	(5,724,360)	(5,932,847)
Participants' capital contributions	8,229,325	6,097,896
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	2,504,965	165,049
NET POSITION:		
Beginning of year	91,174,626	91,009,577
End of year	\$ 93,679,591	\$ 91,174,626

Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	 		
Cash received from participants	\$ 16,207,643	\$	15,388,640
Cash paid to suppliers for operations	(14,799,424)		(15,344,551)
Other revenue	 46,547		64,477
Net cash provided by operating activities	 1,454,766		108,566
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Acquisition of capital assets	(8,228,136)		(5,860,425)
Capital contributions	8,229,325		6,097,896
Cash paid to participants	 2,901,980		(2,137,101)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and	 		_
related financing activities	 2,903,169		(1,899,630)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Interest received	63,209		62,102
Purchase of investments	-		(1,000,000)
Cash receipts from sale of investments	 		1,003,125
Net cash provided by investing activities	 63,209		65,227
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	4,421,144		(1,725,837)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:			
Beginning of year	4,282,084		6,007,921
End of year	\$ 8,703,228	\$	4,282,084
NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Change in fair value of investments	\$ 8,571	\$	(5,268)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating (loss)	\$ (5,885,597)	\$	(5,764,435)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	5,721,381		5,695,161
Other expenses	24,168		(237,471)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			,, ,
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	428,398		(156,819)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	171,555		6,349
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	(2,653)		(9,735)
Increase (decrease) in accounts and contracts payable and accrued liabilities	997,514		575 51 <i>6</i>
		Ф.	575,516
Net cash provided by operating activities	 1,454,766	\$	108,566

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Note 1 – Reporting Entity

On October 12, 1964, Las Virgenes Municipal Water District ("LVMWD") and Triunfo Water & Sanitation District ("TWSD") established Las-Virgenes-Triunfo Joint Powers Authority ("JPA") to construct, operate, maintain and provide for the replacement of a joint sewerage system to serve the Malibu Creek drainage area. The equity of each member is equal to the member's pro-rata share of capital assets, net of depreciation. LVMWD has been the designated administering agent.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

Financial statement presentation follows the recommendations promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") commonly referred to as accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statements Presentation

The Financial Statements (i.e., the statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows) report information on all of the activities of the JPA.

The Financial Statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the JPA. The JPA reports a measure of operations by presenting the change in net position from operations as "operating income" in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Operating activities are defined by the JPA as all activities other than financing and investing activities (interest expense and investment income), and other infrequently occurring transaction of a non-operating nature. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the JPA. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less and are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

The JPA participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which has invested a portion of the pool funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these structured notes and assets-backed securities are subject to market risk and to change in interest rates. The reported value of the pool is based on net asset value.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable for deposit and investment risk, are specified for the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - Overall
 - Custodial Credit Risk
 - Concentration of Credit Risk
- Foreign Currency Risk

Fair Value Measurements

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the Statements of Net Position, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

Accounts Receivable

Customer accounts receivable consist of amounts owed by private individuals and organizations for services rendered in the regular course of business operations. Receivables are shown net of allowances for doubtful accounts, if any. The JPA also accrues an estimated amount for services that have been provided, but not yet billed. Management has evaluated the accounts and believes they are all collectible.

Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies and are valued at average cost method.

Prepaid items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year ended are recorded as prepaid items.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value on the date donated. The JPA policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000, all of which must have an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from 3 to 100 years.

Plant 10 - 100 Years Machinery and equipment 3 - 25 Years

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital assets are shared in accordance with each participant's capacity rights reserved in each component of the joint system. The allocation of costs for projects in process is based upon engineering estimates of the capacity rights and could increase or decrease when the final capacity rights are determined.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in the statement of net position and may be displayed in the following three components:

<u>Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018 there were no restricted or unrestricted net position reported.

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the JPA's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosure. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounting Changes

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the JPA's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the JPA's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, cash and investments are reported in the accompanying statements of net position as follows:

	2019		2019		2019		2018
Cash and cash equivalent	\$	8,703,228	\$ 4,282,084				
Investments		1,008,571	972,870				
	\$	9,711,799	\$ 5,254,954				

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, cash and investments consisted of the followings:

	2019	2018
Deposits:		
Pooled with Las Virgenes Municipal		
Water District	\$ 939,036	\$ 692,269
Investments:		
California Local Agency Investment Fund	7,764,192	3,589,815
U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Security	1,008,571	972,870
Total cash and investments	\$ 9,711,799	\$ 5,254,954

Demand Deposits

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the carrying amounts of cash deposits were \$939,036 and \$692,269, respectively, which were fully insured and/or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the LVMWD's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the LVMWD's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits are considered to be held in the LVMWD's name.

The fair value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the LVMWD's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure the LVMWD's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the LVMWD's total cash deposits. LVMWD may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. LVMWD, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

Local Agency Investment Fund

The JPA's investments with Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) include a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments include the following:

- **Structured Notes** debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.
- **Asset-Backed Securities** the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as CMO's) or credit card receivables.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Local Agency Investment Fund (Continued)

LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute.

As of June 30, 2019, the JPA had \$7,764,192 invested in LAIF, which had invested 1.77% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities compared to \$3,589,815 and 2.67% at June 30, 2018.

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the JPA's Investment Policy

The JPA follows LVMWD's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the JPA by the California Government Code (or the LVMWD's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identified certain provisions of the California Code (or the LVMWD's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

			Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage of	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills, Bonds and Notes	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities	5 Years	None	None
Time Deposits	1 Year	25%	None
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	10%	None
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	None	None	\$50,000,000
Bond issued by Local Agencies or States	5 Years	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	None	20%	10%
Certificates of Deposits	5 years	25%	\$250,000

Disclosures Relating to Fair Value Measurement

Information about the fair value measurement of the JPA's investments is as follows:

			2019		2018							
	Significant Other Observable Input (Level 2) Uncategorized			categorized		Total	Obse	ficant Other rvable Input Level 2)	Un	categorized		Total
California Local Agency Investment Fund U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Security	\$	1,008,571	\$	7,764,192	\$	7,764,192 1,008,571		972,870	\$	3,589,815	\$	3,589,815 972,870
Total Investments	\$	1,008,571	\$	7,764,192	\$	8,772,763	\$	972,870	\$	3,589,815	\$	4,562,685

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the JPA manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

The JPA's investments of \$8,772,763 and \$4,562,685 at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, made up of investments in LAIF and U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities at June 30, 2019 and 2018. Investments in LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within twenty-four hours without loss of interest. Investment in U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities matures in the year ending June 30, 2021, four years from June 30, 2017.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investments in LAIF in the amounts of \$7,764,192 and \$3,589,815 at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are unrated. Investment in U.S. Government Sponsored Agency Securities in the amount of \$1,008,571 and \$972,870 are unrated and unrated at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Disclosures Relating to Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and LVMWD's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of government investment pools (such as LAIF).

Note 4 – Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018		Additions		Deletions		Reclassification		Jı	Balance ine 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land and land rights	\$	14,368,150	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,368,150
Construction in progress		4,954,472		8,229,325		(1,185)		(7,071,620)		6,110,992
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		19,322,622		8,229,325		(1,185)		(7,071,620)		20,479,142
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Sewer and treatment plant		121,094,776		-		(41,842)		2,635,729		123,688,663
Compost plant and farm		71,782,886		-	-			4,435,891		76,218,777
Recycled water system		34,819,404		-		-				34,819,404
Total capital assets, being depreciated		227,697,066		-		(41,842)		7,071,620		234,726,844
Less: accumulated depreciation										
Sewer and treatment plant		(84,624,554)		(2,929,460)		40,048		-		(87,513,966)
Compost plant and farm		(50,115,201)		(1,816,105)		-		-		(51,931,306)
Recycled water system		(21,105,307)		(975,816)		-				(22,081,123)
Total accumulated depreciation		(155,845,062)		(5,721,381)		40,048				(161,526,395)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		71,852,004		(5,721,381)		(1,794)		7,071,620		73,200,449
Total capital assets, net	\$	91,174,626	\$	2,507,944	\$	(2,979)	\$		\$	93,679,591

Note 4 – Capital Assets (Continued)

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2017		Additions		Deletions		Reclassification		Ju	Balance ine 30, 2018
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land and land rights Construction in progress	\$	12,258,791 3,039,783	\$	- 5,860,424	\$	- -	\$	2,109,359 (3,945,735)	\$	14,368,150 4,954,472
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		15,298,574		5,860,424		-		(1,836,376)		19,322,622
Capital assets, being depreciated: Sewer and treatment plant Compost plant and farm Recycled water system		120,681,832 71,196,292 34,013,089		- - -		(6,215) (9,278) (15,030)		419,159 595,872 821,345		121,094,776 71,782,886 34,819,404
Total capital assets, being depreciated		225,891,213		_		(30,523)		1,836,376		227,697,066
Less: accumulated depreciation Sewer and treatment plant Compost plant and farm Recycled water system		(81,808,847) (48,236,081) (20,135,282)		(2,821,922) (1,888,398) (984,841)		6,215 9,278 14,816		- - -		(84,624,554) (50,115,201) (21,105,307)
Total accumulated depreciation		(150,180,210)		(5,695,161)		30,309				(155,845,062)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		75,711,003		(5,695,161)		(214)		1,836,376		71,852,004
Total capital assets, net	\$	91,009,577	\$	165,263	\$	(214)	\$		\$	91,174,626

Note 5 – Due to Participants

During the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, additional advances received from the participants were in the amount of \$25,109,541 and \$17,779,585, respectively. The advances received from the participants are used to pay for the operating, capital, and administrative cost of the JPA. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, due to participants were in the amount of \$8,187,259 and \$5,285,279, respectively.

Note 6 – Participant Contributions

Cost of the JPA is shared by the participants based on the following methodology. Variable operation and maintenance cost are prorated between the participants based on the average sewage flow contributed to the joint system. Fixed operating and maintenance cost are prorated between the participants based on the participants' respective capacity rights in the facility. Capital costs are prorated between the participants based on the participants' respectively capacity rights in the facility. Annual audit costs are shared equally. General and administrative costs are based on the actual cost of labor. Lastly, land acquisition costs are shared based on the capacity rights in the project for which the land is acquired. As of January 1, 2005, the joint system, except for the sewer collection system, is allocated by 70.6% to LVMWD and 29.4% to TWSD.

Note 6 – Participant Contributions (Continued)

LVMWD

Total

TWSD

The following is the summary of the contributions made by the participants for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

			2	2019		
	(Operating Contribution	Percentage	C	Capital ontribution	Percentage
LVMWD TWSD	\$	9,251,780 4,458,738	67.5% 32.5%	\$	5,809,903 2,419,422	70.6% 29.4%
Total	\$ 13,710,518 100.0%			\$	8,229,325	100.0%
			2	2018		
		Operating Contribution	Percentage	C	Capital ontribution	Percentage

67.5%

32.5%

100.0%

\$

4,305,115

1,792,781

6,097,896

70.6%

29.4%

100.0%

8,954,214

4,309,989

13,264,203

Note 7 – Risk Management

The JPA is covered under the LVMWD's insurance policies. The LVMWD retained Tolman & Wiker Insurance Service, LLC for general liability, property, auto and physical damage. The coverage for the general liability provided for \$11 million per occurrence and \$61 million for the aggregate, with a \$50,000 self-insured retention limit per occurrence. The coverage for the property provided for \$61 million per occurrence with a self-insured retention limit of \$50,000 per occurrence.

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection have had settlement or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability cover from coverage in the prior year.

Note 8 – Commitment and Contingencies

Lawsuits

The JPA is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the JPA's legal counsel and the JPA's management that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the JPA.

Note 8 – Commitment and Contingencies (Continued)

Commitments

As of June 30, 2019, the JPA had four material construction commitments evidenced by contractual commitments with contractors in the amount of \$939,014.

Project Name	 mtractual mmitment
Pure Water Project Demonstration	\$ 939,014
Total	\$ 939,014

As of June 30, 2018, the JPA had five material construction commitments evidenced by contractual commitments with contractors in the amount of \$171,713.

	Co	ntractual
Project Name	Cor	nmitment
Pure Water Project Demonstration	\$	171,713
Total	\$	171,713

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Las Virgenes-Triunfo Joint Powers Authority Schedule of Changes in Participants' Advance Accounts For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

		Construct	ion Fu	nds	Operating Funds					
		Tapia	Plant		Operations and Maintenance					
		and Truc	k Sew	ers						
	Las Virgenes			Virgenes Triunfo Water &		s Virgenes	Triu	ınfo Water &		
	M	unicipal	S	anitation	ľ	Municipal	Sanitation			
	Wat	er District		District	Wa	ater District		District		
Due to (from) Participants - July 1, 2018	\$	424,291	\$	840,052	\$	\$ 2,319,689		1,014,675		
Advance from participants		-		(797,480)		9,320,967		5,110,009		
Interfund activities with participants		-		-		-		-		
Constructions costs allocated		(21,282)		(8,863)		-		-		
Constructions reclass to operating expenses		-		-		-		-		
Change in fair market value of LAIF		3,377		5,194		-	-			
Change in fair market value of LAIF - Prior year		9,351		24,516		-		-		
Grant income		-		-		-		-		
Other miscellaneous income		-		-		-		-		
Billings to participants for operating expenses		-		-		(9,320,967)		(4,482,317)		
Billings to participants from replacement fund interest income		-		-		-		-		
Interest income from (to) participants		10,296		15,836		-		-		
Adjustment billing to participants for operating fund		-		-		-		-		
Recycled water billings to Triunfo Water & Sanitation District		-		-		-		(564,869)		
Due to (from) Participants - June 30, 2019	\$	426,033	\$	79,255	\$	2,319,689	\$	1,077,498		

(Continued)

		Construct	ion Fu	nds	Operating Funds					
		Tapia	Plant			Operati	ons a	nd		
		and Truc	k Sew	ers	Maintenance					
	Las Virgenes Triunfo Water & Municipal Sanitation			riunfo Water &		Las Virgenes		ınfo Water &		
				1	Municipal	Sanitation				
	Wat	er District		District	Wa	ater District	District			
Due to (from) Participants - July 1, 2017	\$	289,535	\$	532,356	\$	2,319,689	\$	979,308		
Advance from participants		-		261,576		8,966,450		5,078,749		
Interfund activities with participants		-		-		-		-		
Constructions costs allocated		123,946		51,615		-		-		
Constructions reclass to operating expenses		-		-		-		-		
Change in fair market value of LAIF		(9,351)		(24,516)		-		-		
Change in fair market value of LAIF - Prior year		17,222		11,315		-		-		
Grant income		-		-		-		-		
Other miscellaneous income		-		-		-		-		
Billings to participants for operating expenses		-		-		(8,966,450)		(4,326,679)		
Billings to participants from replacement fund interest income		-		-		-		-		
Interest income from (to) participants		2,939		7,706		-		-		
Adjustment billing to participants for operating fund		-		-		-		-		
Recycled water billings to Triunfo Water & Sanitation District		-		-		-		(716,703)		
Due to (from) Participants - June 30, 2018	\$	424,291	\$	840,052	\$	2,319,689	\$	1,014,675		

(Continued)

Schedule of Changes in Participants' Advance Accounts (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

		Operatir Replace Capital	ment	of			
	0			unfo Water & Sanitation	То	tal	
	Water District District			 2019	tai	2018	
Due to (from) Participants - July 1, 2018	\$	86,124	\$	600,448	\$ 5,285,279	\$	7,422,380
Advance from participants		7,224,671		4,251,374	25,109,541		17,779,585
Interfund activities with participants		-		-	-		-
Constructions costs allocated		(5,788,621)		(2,410,559)	(8,229,325)		(6,097,896)
Constructions reclass to operating expenses		-		-	-		60,715
Change in fair market value of LAIF		-		-	8,571		(33,867)
Change in fair market value of LAIF - Prior year		-		-	33,867		28,537
Grant income		-		-	-		-
Other miscellaneous income		161,378		67,203	228,581		96,086
Billings to participants for operating expenses		-		-	(13,803,284)		(13,293,129)
Billings to participants from replacement fund interest income		69,187		23,579	92,766		28,926
Interest income from (to) participants		-		-	26,132		10,645
Adjustment billing to participants for operating fund		-		-	-		-
Recycled water billings to Triunfo Water & Sanitation District		-			 (564,869)		(716,703)
Due to (from) Participants - June 30, 2019	\$	1,752,739	\$	2,532,045	\$ 8,187,259	\$	5,285,279

(Concluded)

		Operatir Replace Capital	ment	of				
	Las Virgenes Municipal			unfo Water & Sanitation			tal	
	Water District			District	2018			2017
Due to (from) Participants - July 1, 2017	\$	1,488,481	\$	1,813,011	\$	7,422,380	\$	5,811,697
Advance from participants		2,903,766		569,044		17,779,585		19,300,025
Interfund activities with participants		-		-		-		-
Constructions costs allocated		(4,429,061)		(1,844,396)		(6,097,896)		(4,432,700)
Constructions reclass to operating expenses		42,865		17,850		60,715		-
Change in fair market value of LAIF		-		-		(33,867)		(28,537)
Change in fair market value of LAIF - Prior year		-		-		28,537		(3,143)
Grant income		-		-		-		-
Other miscellaneous income		67,837		28,249		96,086		1,797
Billings to participants for operating expenses		-		-		(13,293,129)		(12,559,184)
Billings to participants from replacement fund interest income		12,236		16,690		28,926		17,408
Interest income from (to) participants		_		-		10,645		3,693
Adjustment billing to participants for operating fund		_		-		_		-
Recycled water billings to Triunfo Water & Sanitation District		-		-		(716,703)		(688,676)
Due to (from) Participants - June 30, 2018	\$	86,124	\$	600,448	\$	5,285,279	\$	7,422,380

(Concluded)

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